

Lessons learned: NCI's FLT F-18 IND and F-18 NaF NDA

Paula M. Jacobs, Ph.D.
Deputy Associate Director, DCTD. NCI
Cancer Imaging Program

Disclaimers

- Opinions are mine alone
- NCI, NIH, and FDA have not approved anything I say
- No financial conflicts of interest
- No professional or academic conflict of interest

Status:

Molecular Imaging Probes – CIP IND

- [18F]-FLT – proliferation
- [18F]- FMISO - hypoxia
- [18F]- FES – estrogen receptor
- [18F] – Sodium Fluoride – bone seeking
- ferumoxytol – blood pool, delayed detection of inflammatory macrophages

[18F] fluorothymidine: early 2000's

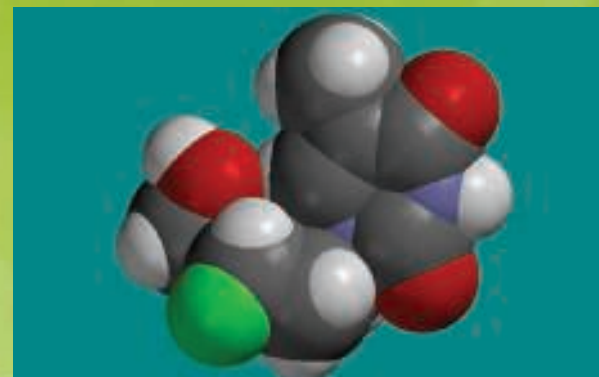
- No USP monograph
- No multicenter trials
- Most human research under RDRC
- “Generic” drug – no IP
- 2004 IND filed by CIP
 - Univ. Wash. first site
 - Tracer synthesis at 4 contract trial sites
 - Object: multicenter trials

Did this work?

- Not as well as we wished
 - Chemistry issues
 - Public access to regulatory documents limited
- 2006: expanded access and out-reach
 - Web posting, implicit click-thru MTA
 - LOA given to qualified entities on request
 - Regulatory “hand-holding” for PIs
 - Engaged the major commercial suppliers

Current Status

- Commercial firms - drug master files (DMF)
- LOA provided to legitimate entities
 - 6 companies for drug development
 - 18 academic sites
 - 1 Society
- LOA from Medivir for pharm-tox data
- Cooperative activities
 - Contract trials
 - Clinical Center Trials
 - ACRIN multicenter trials



Trials now posted

- More than 50 trials, at least 8 multicenter; around half dependent on LOA from NCI
 - Variety of tumors
 - Diagnosis, response to therapy
 - Correlation with Ki67
 - RT planning
 - Evaluation of new therapies
- US and Europe/Asia- 75% are US
- Academic and industrial –20% companies

Lessons learned

- Commercial entities best for manufacturing
 - Understand the logistics
 - Strong incentive for national CMC uniformity
- Regulatory ignorance is astonishingly high:
“I don’t need an IND/DMF because...”
 - “I am using the same synthesis that NCI filed”
 - “I am an academic not a company”
 - “My IRB approved, why would I need more?”
 - “I registered for the SNM Trial Network”

The Challenge

- Coherent data are needed for registration
 - Safety, Efficacy – current literature poor
 - How to facilitate pooling for “paper” NDA?
 - Minimum imaging/data protocol
 - Minimum safety reporting
 - Minimum chemistry reporting
- Challenge to scientific societies here

A LITTLE BIT ABOUT OUR OTHER INDS

FMISO

- **[18F] fluoromisonidazole (FMISO)**
- **Hypoxia - trapped in cells in absence of O₂**
- **Contract trial at Univ Wash: response to CRT**
- **ACRIN: response to CRT in GBM**
- **Regulatory documents posted on website**
- **One company has DMF**

FES

- 16α -[^{18}F]Fluoro- 17β -estradiol (FES)
- Binds to estrogen receptor
- Regulatory documents posted on website
- Manufactured at Univ Wash
- Contract trial at Univ Wash, response to Rx
- No DMF (to my knowledge)

Sodium Fluoride F-18

- Sodium [18F]-fluoride
- The clinical need
 - Diagnose bone metastases (breast, prostate)
 - Other bone diseases
 - Technetium 99m shortages
- CIP IND, ACRIN multicenter trial
- Multicenter trial by AMI
- CIP filed NDA (12/2009)



18-F-SODIUM FLUORIDE NDA

Clinical Issues

- Bone seeking radiopharmaceutical
- Only approved agent is Tc-99m medronate (MDP)
- 2.6 million bone scans in 2007
 - 450 k new breast and prostate cancer diagnoses
 - 5 million breast and prostate cancer survivors
 - Multiple orthopedic indications
- Tc-99m eluted from Mo-99 generator
 - Resupply every 7-10 days
 - Shortages frequent
 - Primary use is cardiac imaging

Technetium Supply

- Five foreign commercial reactors (used to produce 95% of the world supply):
 - NRU at Chalk River in Canada (1957),
 - HFR at Petten in the Netherlands (1961),
 - BR-2 in Belgium (1963),
 - OSIRIS at Saclay in France (1966) and
 - SAFARI-1 at Pelindaba in South Africa (1965).
- Newly approved
 - Poland Maria (1975)
 - Australia OPAL

} 85%

Reactors off line

- Chalk river most recently
 - 11/2007 – 12/2007 (Act of Parliament)
 - 5/2009 – 6/2010 (??)
- Petten
 - 8/2008- 2/2009 (no repairs)
 - 2/2010 - 8/2010 (??)

Result

- Cancer patients cannot get bone scans
- Patient populations most affected
 - Breast
 - Prostate
 - Lung
- Delays treatment decisions, distress for patients and caregivers

Alternative

- ^{18}F -Sodium fluoride PET scan
- Highly effective
- Used since 1962
 - NDA 17–042 in 1972 as a bone imaging agent
 - Marketing suspended in March 1975
 - Not withdrawn for safety or efficacy reasons
- 505(b)2 or 505 (j) specifically permitted
- 2 hour half-life requires decentralized manufacture

Other relevant information

- USP monograph established
- FDA drafted CMC and labeling in 2000
- Can be made on any medical cyclotron
- Clinical use is legal as practice of pharmacy
- Not routinely reimbursed

Response to 2007 shortages

- Cancer Imaging Program lead
 - Filed IND and planned trials with NaF
 - Filed NDA (before latest supply problems)
- Partnered with commercial firms
 - Multiple sites of manufacture
 - Drug Master Files
- Strategy
 - Obtain NDA approval
 - Withdraw when ANDA's filed

Questions to resolve

- NDA or ANDA?
 - Dose higher than RLD – 10-15 mCi vs. 2-4 mCi.
 - Neither clinical nor pre-clinical data needed
- Multiple DMFs –
 - Are there known issues?
 - Are the commercial entities prepared?
- Can NCI “distribute” a drug?

Unanticipated issue



- Prescription Drug Fees
 - Filing fees explicitly waived in 2000 FR notice
 - We assumed the other fees were also
- Establishment fees
 - 1/6 of non-PET fee= \$76,267/site each year
- Product fees - \$79,720/product each year
- Waiver process, but apparently VERY unlikely

Regulatory Progress

- NDA 12/2008
- CR 6/2009
- DMF issues – almost resolved
 - Multiple unrelated reviews
- PAI issues -- resolved
- Pediatric dosimetry request
 - Unresolved safety questions
- Response to CR within next several weeks

Lessons learned

- Companies unprepared for intensity of PAI
- Companies unprepared for intensive DMF review
- FDA unable to do a comprehensive DMF review
- Decentralized manufacturing has unique issues
- CMS denied reimbursement – and took 9 months to do so
- Regulatory system not a good fit for micro-dose drugs with 2 hour half life



The future is here before we are ready

- Next 18 months
 - 150 –300 FDG sites are mandated NDA/ANDA
 - Our NaF experience is discouraging
- Are the manufacturers ready for this?
- Is FDA ready for this?
- Will FDG have regional shortages?
- Will FDG be reimbursed?
- Will any other PET agents be approved?

Which way will it be?



A clear path forward?



Or beltway gridlock?

Thank you for your attention

Weblinks

- CMC SOPs that you can customize (ignore the specific drug – 95% are for general operations):
<http://imaging.cancer.gov/programsandresources/Cancer-Tracer-Synthesis-Resources>
- Guide to Regulatory Submissions – in comprehensible English – orientated to biologicals but very valuable Here under Regulatory Affairs (and much more there):
<http://web.ncifcrf.gov/research/bdp/documents/Request.aspx>
- FDA guidances:
<http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/default.htm>
- My email address: jacobsp@mail.nih.gov.



NATIONAL[®]
CANCER
INSTITUTE